

FEDERAL PUBLIC SERVICE COMMISSION COMPETITIVE EXAMINATION-2024 FOR RECRUITMENT TO POSTS IN BS-17 UNDER THE FEDERAL GOVERNMENT

PURE MATHEMATICS

TIME ALLOWED: THREE HOURS		MAXIMUM MARKS = 100			
NOTE: (i) Attempt FIVE questions in all by selecting TWO Questions each from SECTION				B and	
(ii)	(ii) All the parts (if any) of each Question must be attempted at one place instead of at different				
places.					
(iii) Write Q. No. in the Answer Book in accordance with Q. No. in the Q.Paper. (iv) No Page/Space be left blank between the answers. All the blank pages of Answer Bo				ust	
be crossed.				ast	
(v) (vi)	(v) Extra attempt of any question or any part of the attempted question will not be considered.				
<u>SECTION-A</u>					
Q. No.1.(a)	a) Let N be a normal subgroup of a group G. If H is a subgroup of G, then prove		(10)		
	that $NH = \{nh : n \in Nandh \in H\}$ is a subgroup of G.				
(b)	If E is an epimorphism from a group G onto a group H then prove that G/K is		(10)	(20)	
	isomorphic to H , where $K = Ker E$.				
Q. No.2. (a)	Let <i>R</i> be a ring. If every $x \in R$ satisfies $x^2 = x$ then prove that <i>R</i> is a commutative.		(10)		
			(10)	$\langle 20 \rangle$	
(b)	For which value(s) of <i>a</i> will the follow one solution? Infinitely many solution	s?	(10)	(20)	
	x + 2y	3z = 4			
3x - y + 5z = 2 $4x + y + (a^2 - 14)z = a + 2.$					
			(1.0)		
Q. No.3. (a)	Determine a basis for and the dimension of the solution space of the system x-2z+w=0		(10)		
	3x + y - 5z = 0				
	x+2y-5w=0.				
(b)	Let $v_1 = (1, 1, 1)$, $v_2 = (1, 1, 0)$ and $v_3 = (1, 0, 0)$ be a basis for \mathbb{R}^3 . Find		(10)	(20)	
	a linear transformation $T: \mathbb{R}^3 \to \mathbb{R}^2$ such that $T(v_1) = (1, 0)$, $T(v_2) = (2, -1)$				
	and $T(v_3) = (4, 3)$.				
SECTION-B					
Q. No.4. (a)	Evaluate the limit:		(10)		
	(i)	$\lim_{x \to \pi} (1 + \cos x)^{\tan x}$			
	(ii)	$x \rightarrow \overline{2}$			
	(11)	$\lim_{x\to 0} \left(\frac{1}{\sin x} - \frac{1}{x} \right)$			
(b)	State and prove the Mean Value Theo	rem.	(10)	(20)	
Q. No.5. (a)	If $w = f(x^2 + y^2)$ then show that $y\left(\frac{\partial}{\partial x}\right)$	$\left(\frac{w}{\partial x}\right) - x \left(\frac{\partial w}{\partial y}\right) = 0$	(10)		

(b) Find all the local maxima, local minima and saddle points of the given (10) (20) function $2x^3 + y^2 - 9x^2 - 4y + 12x - 2$. Page 1 of 2

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Q. No.6. (a) Evaluate the integral $\int_{0}^{\infty} x^{\frac{3}{2}} ((1+2x))^{-5} dx$ and show that the result is $\frac{9\pi}{384}$, (10)

using Beta function.

(b) Find the vertices and foci of the hyperbola (10) (20) $25 x^2 - 16 y^2 + 250x + 32y + 109 = 0$.

SECTION-C

Q. No.7. (a) Verify that u(x,y) = cosxcoshy is harmonic function and find a (10) corresponding analytic function f(z) = u(x,y) + iv(x,y).

(b) Use Residue theorem to evaluate the integral $\int \frac{3 z^2 + z - 1}{C(z^2 - 1)(z - 3)} dz$, where *C* is (10) (20) the circle |z| = 4.

- **Q. No.8. (a)** Use the Cauchy's integral formula to evaluate the integral (10) $\int \frac{z+4}{cz^2+2z+5} dz$, where *C* is the circle |z+1-i| = 2.
 - (b) Find the three cube roots of $\sqrt{3} + i$. (10) (20)
